

**A Global Service Provision
Perspective**

Munich Satellite Navigation Summit

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OUTLINE

*Evolving
Organization*

- Global Service Center
- Organization and Management
- Outreach

*Common
Challenges*

- Mapping
- Finance
- Timing
- Search and Rescue
- Service Center Cooperation

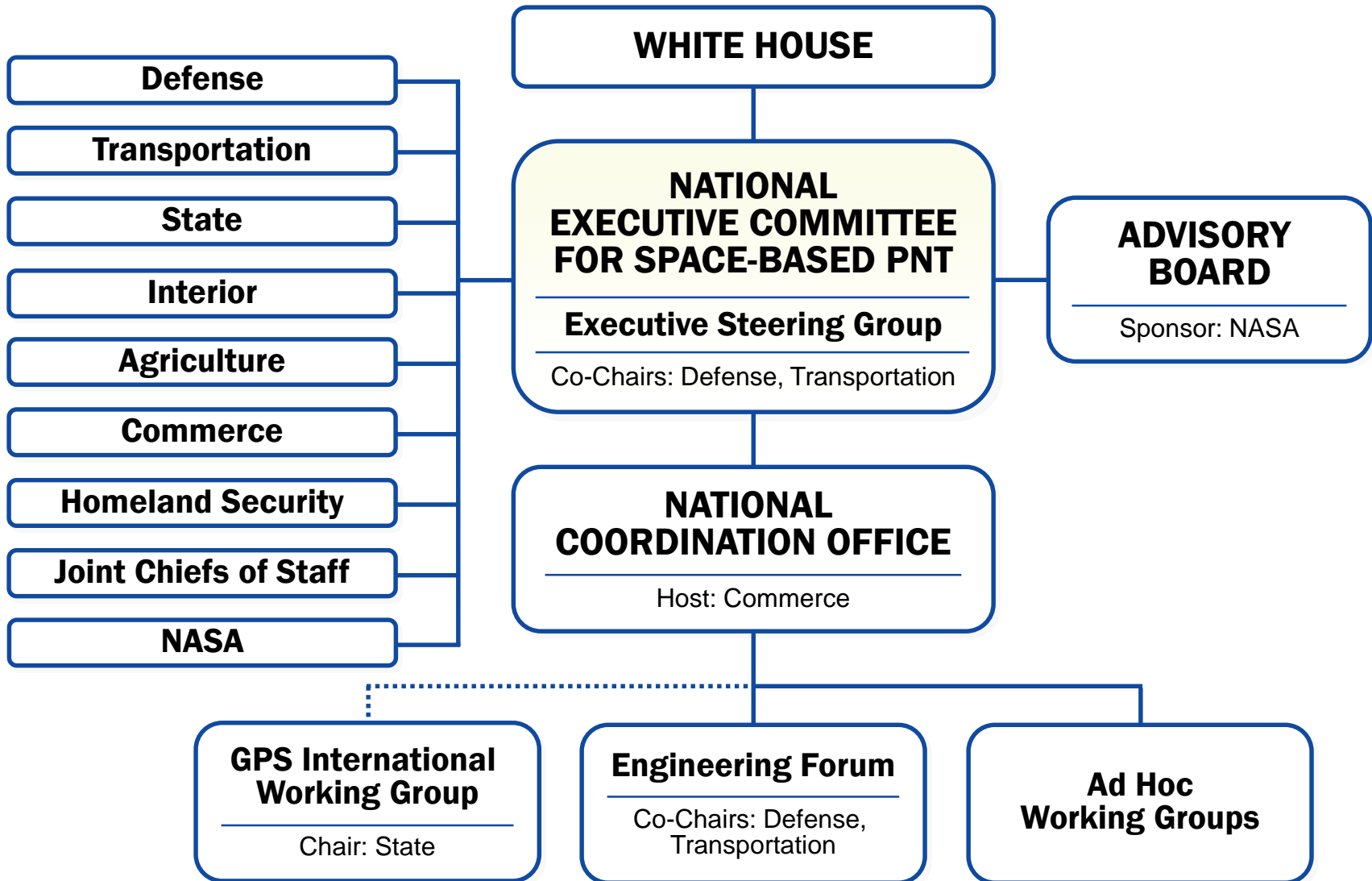
A Global Service Center

- NAVCEN has U.S. government **designation** as civil service center for GPS
- Website, RSS feeds and e-mail list servers **distribute** all operational GPS data products and interface documents
- 24/7/365 customer service **watch**
- **Answer inquiries** and disruption reports from around the world
- Represent user communities and **advocate** for civilian use of GPS at meetings of the GPS Program
- **Coordinate** operations with other Provider service centers

Dual-Service Management Activities

- Space-Based PNT Executive Committee - **Governance**
 - National Coordination Office - **Policy**
 - National Space-Based PNT Engineering Forum (NPEF) - **Analysis**
 - Space-Based PNT Advisory Board - **Independent Review**
 - Civil **Program Management** Review (PMR)
 - Interagency Forum for **Operational Requirements** (IFOR)
 - CGSIC – **User Forum**
-

National Space-Based PNT Organization



CGSIC Organization for Outreach

- Organization established in 1989 to brief users on status of programs and solicit feedback on changing user requirements
- CGSIC Plenary Committee and Subcommittees
 - International Information Subcommittee
 - Timing Subcommittee
 - State and Local Government Subcommittee
 - Survey, Mapping and Geo-Sciences Subcommittee

Users reporting mapping problems

- “My Grandmother’s address is wrong in GPS and I am worried about emergency services getting to her. You need to fix it.”
- “My customers cannot find my business location in GPS, please fix it.”
- “GPS is directing customers to a competitor’s location instead of mine. The address is wrong and needs to be corrected.”
- “GPS is sending trucks down our road that cannot fit. You have to stop them.”
- “If you send one more car down my driveway in the middle of the night, I don’t care, I’m putting out a spike strip.”

Easy to dismiss but....

- These are your users **and system as a whole is blamed**
- Some are economically important business users:

Grocery Stores

Hotels

Dealerships

Tech industry

Gas Station

Government Services

Financial services



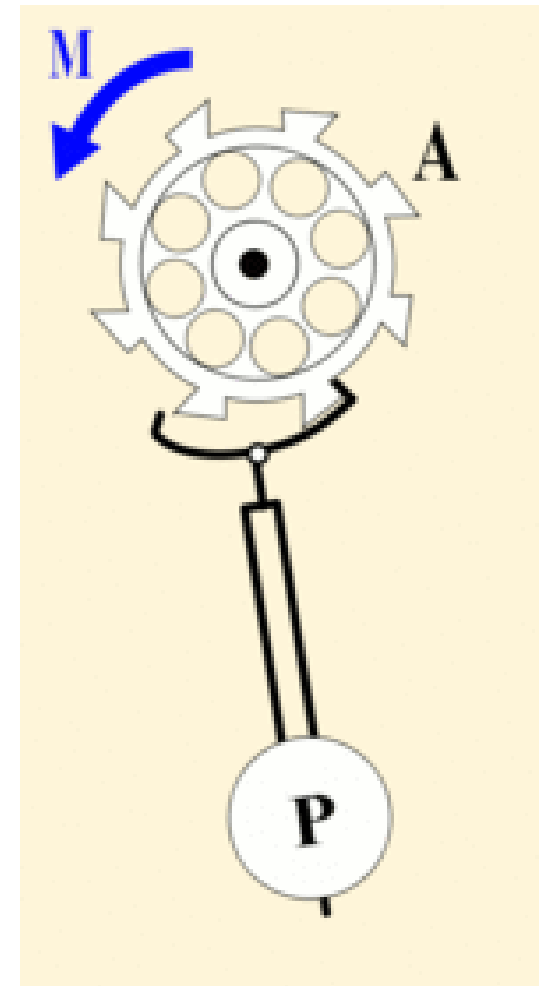
- Unless the address has been accurately recorded by the Google StreetMap car or other GIS data mapper, it may, in fact, not be in the correct location.
- Education is important and necessary

International Finance

- Machine assisted trading dominates
 - Requirement for precision timing
 - Soon requiring time stamping of ALL financial transactions
 - One US bank alone transacts over \$35 Trillion dollars a day
 - NYSE averages over \$15B in the first 2 minutes after the opening
- Challenges:
 - Developing a timing solution accurate to $1\mu\text{S}$ per transaction across a data center
 - Developing the ability to time stamp every transaction
 - Developing analytics to measure the performance of the transaction environment at 100's of millions of transaction per second.
- Market transparency
 - Did all market participants have fair and equal access?
 - Are all the markets seeing information at nearly the same time?

Timing compatibility

- Much of the world's precise timing comes from our GNSS satellites.
- Need to work towards compatible time in a system of systems
- One issue in the user community is the insertion of Leap Seconds
- CGSIC Timing Subcommittee has looked at the issue and issued an opinion which they have forwarded to the ITU
 - Leap seconds should cease to be inserted in the near future
 - UTC should become a unique and continuous reference time scale
 - A period of at least 5 years be allowed so that operators of navigational systems can make adequate preparations.

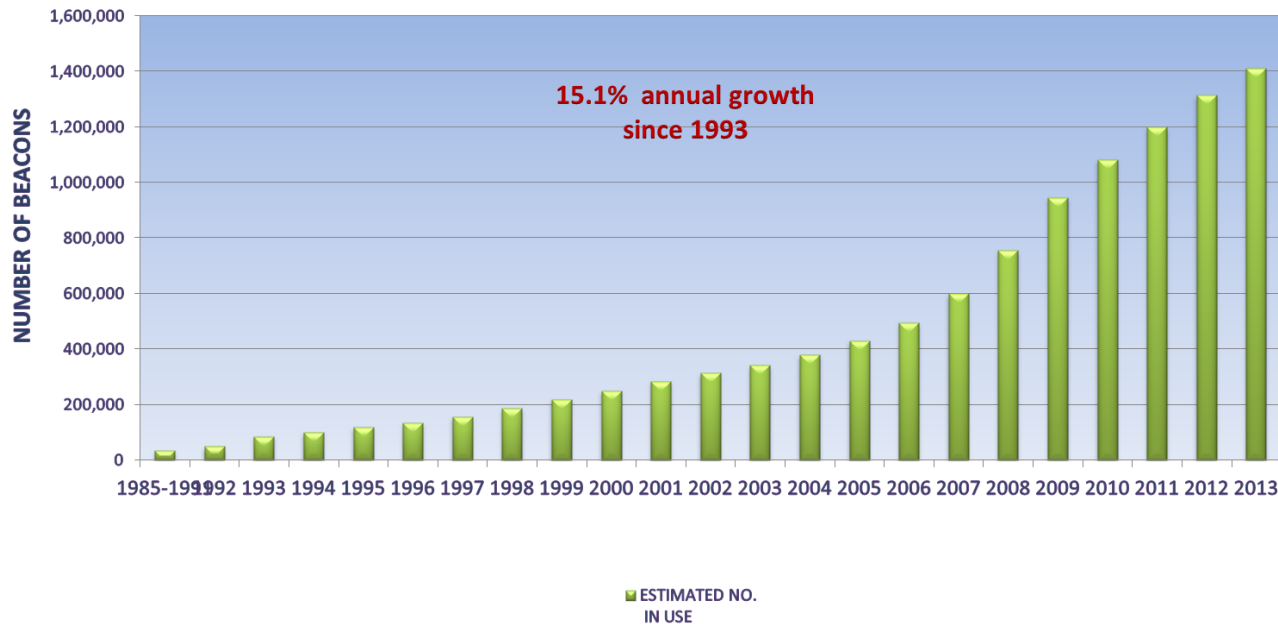


GNSS Search and Rescue

- 48 beacon manufacturers participated in 2014 survey
- Over 1,411,000 beacons were in use at the end of 2013



406 MHZ BEACON POPULATION



156,100 beacons were produced in 2013 worldwide, including :

- 68,900 EPIRBs
- 23,200 ELTs
- 64,000 PLBs

COSPAS-SARSAT

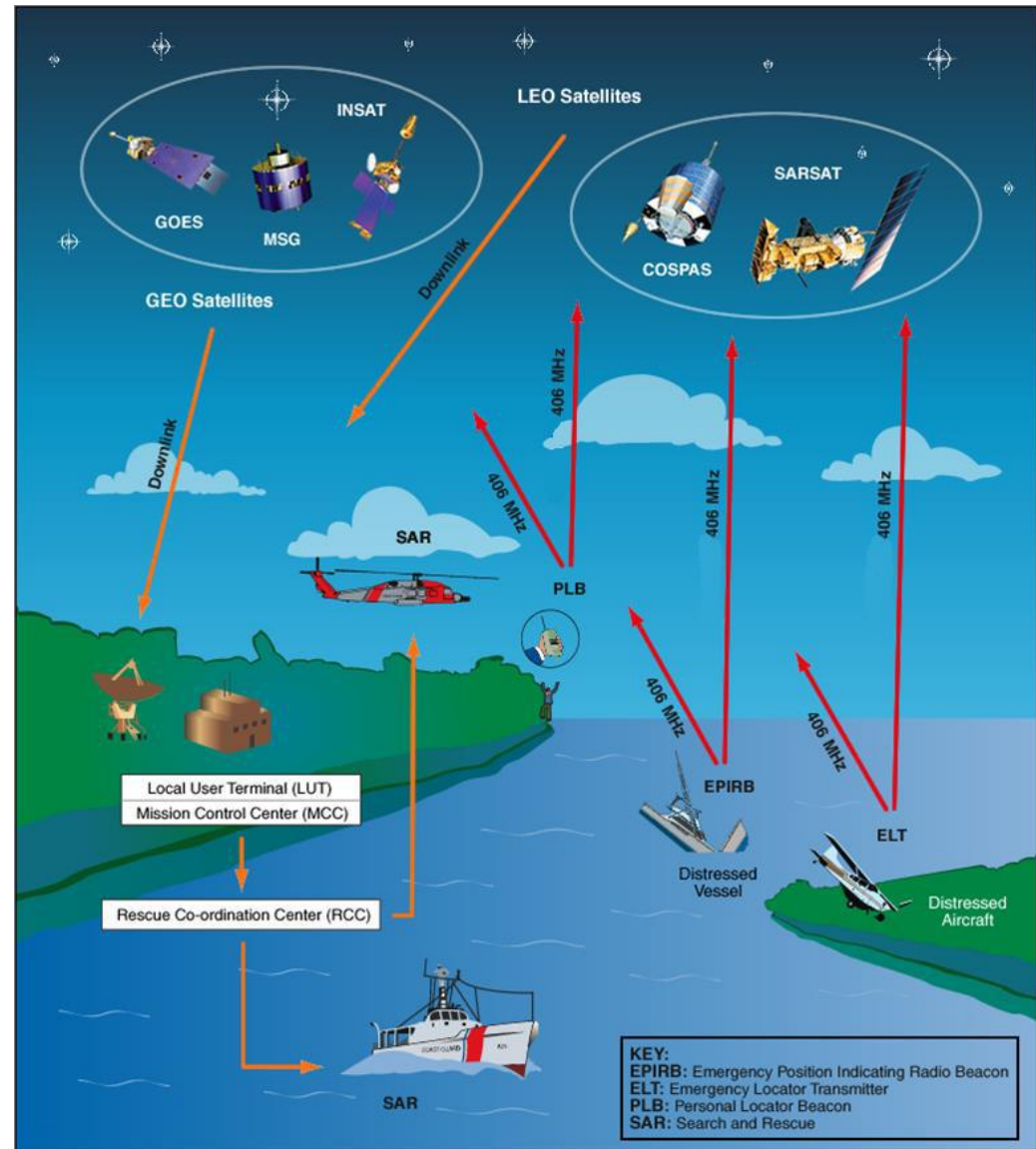
5 Low Earth Polar Orbiting
Search And Rescue (LEOSAR)

7 Geostationary Orbiting
Search And Rescue (GEOSAR)
with 2 under test

3 Medium Earth Orbiting
Search and Rescue (MEOSAR)

30 mission control centers

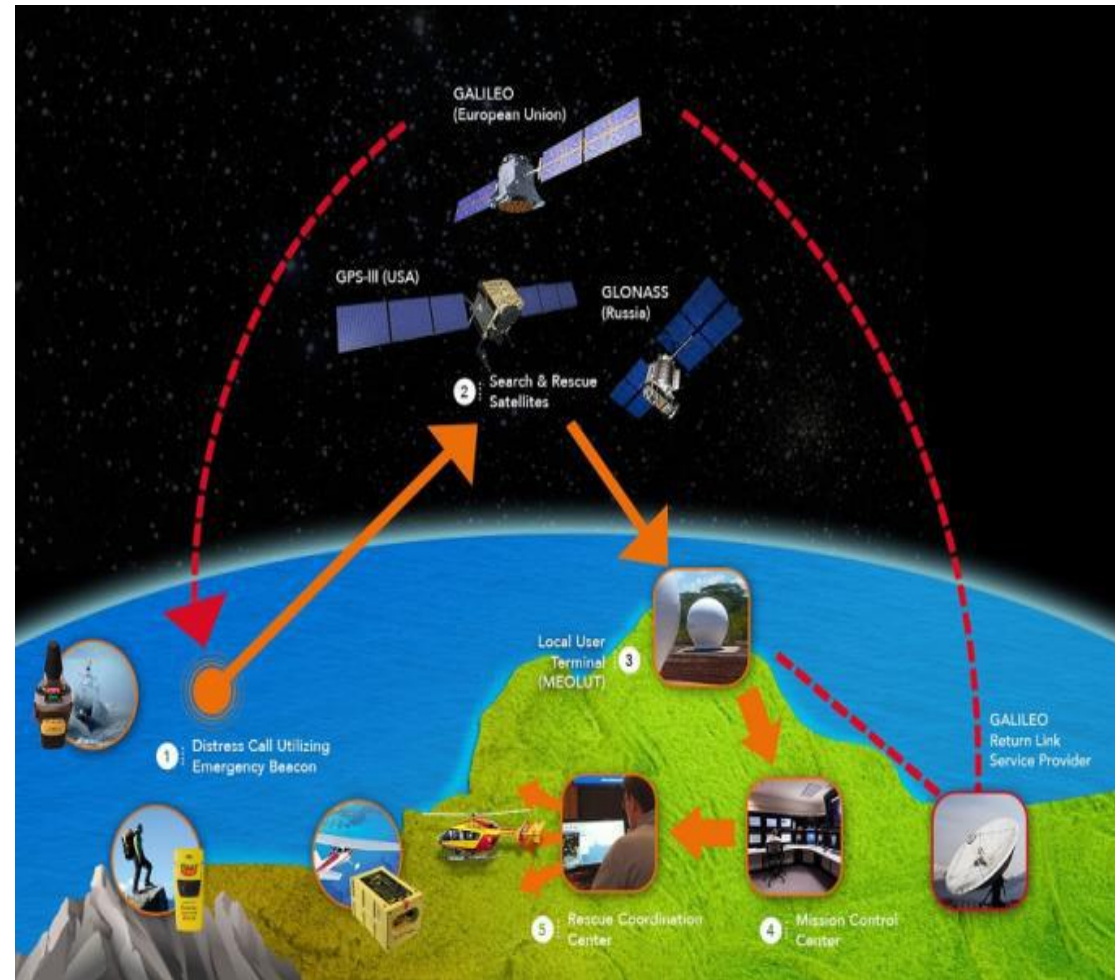
MEOSAR will replace the LEO
SAR portion of the program
when the LEO satellites reach
end-of-life.



MEOSAR

The COSPAS-SARSAT Program uses some MEOSAR constellation already. Includes 3 satellites with an operational L-band downlink repeater: 1 Glonass-K1 and 2 Galileo IOV satellites (IOV-3 and IOV-4)

- Experimental Distress Alerting Satellite System (DASS) repeaters with S-band downlink aboard all IIR-M and IIF GPS satellites
- 16 active now
- DASS scheduled for all GPS-III satellites to #8
- #11 and beyond planned to have the new GPS-SAR L-band payload.



Cooperation between Global Service Centers

- Work on interoperability, compatibility and transparency in our systems through the International Committee on GNSS
- Work country-to-country through official bi-lateral GNSS talks to improve communications between centers
- Connect our service centers together for day-to-day operations to benefit user communities of the world
- Improve processes for Information sharing to respond to the needs of equipment manufacturers and user communities.

Civil GPS Service Interface Committee (CGSIC) Contact Information

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