

Galileo Interference Measurement Campaign

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Goals

- To assess the amount of interference caused by known (ie. DME) and unknown interferers in all Galileo frequency bands (except C-band)
- To record spectrum data
- To record baseband data with high resolution and high speed sampling

Intermediate Goals

- To develop the data acquisition unit on a mobile platform
- Review of location of known interferers
- Devise a suitable scheme for automatic data acquisition
- Route planning (considering important user environments, i.e. airports)
- Measurement campaign
- Data analysis



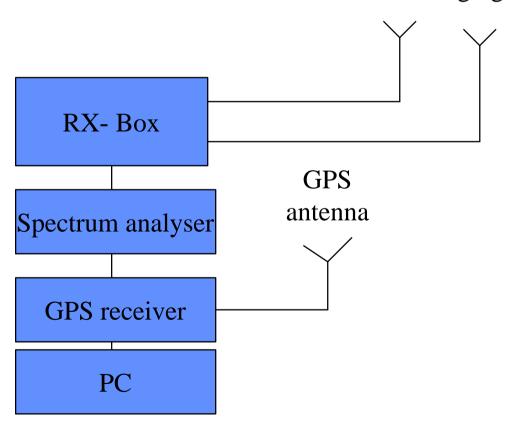
Frequency Bands Investigated

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L5/E5
         1,164 - 1,215
                        MHz
E4
         1,254 - 1,260
                        MHz)
                        MHz
E6
          1,260 - 1,300
E1
          1,559 - 1,591
                        MHz
E2
                        MHz
          1,587 - 1,591
                        MHz )
         5,010 - 5,030
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Block Diagram

Omni and high gain antenna



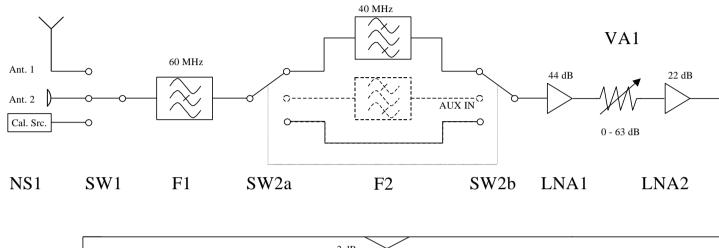


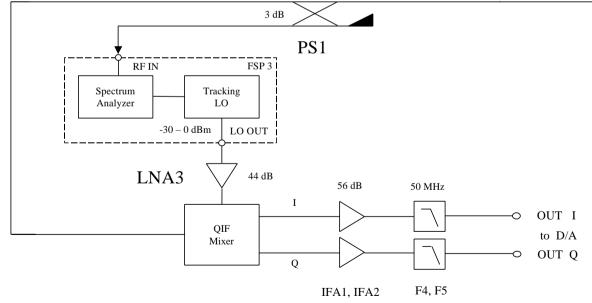
Measurement equipment and Platform





Hardware Scheme







Receiver Specs

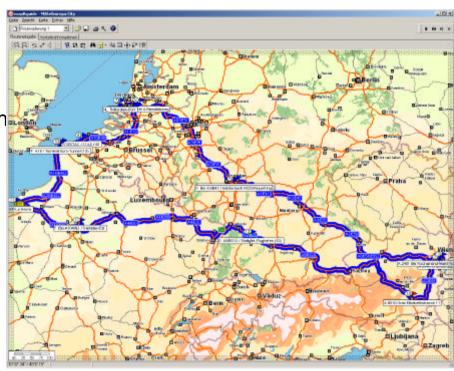
- RF Frequency Range: 1- 2 GHz
- Spectral + Baseband I/Q Recording
- (12 bit, 125 MS/s resp 62.5 MS/s, rec. duration 8 seconds)
- Sensitivity: -139 dBW / MHz (noisefloor)
- 2 Tunable YIG Filters (bp 40 MHz, notch 60 MHz)
- Rohde & Schwarz FSP 3 Spectrum Analyzer
- Tracking Local Oscilator from FSP3
- Omnidirectional & high gain antenna
- 12 channel GPS receiver



Route

10 route sections, route length about 3700 km, measurements along route and stationary at locations with high air / sea traffic

- Graz (AT) Vienna (AT)
- Graz (AT) Erlensee (GE)
- Erlensee (GE) Frankfurt Noordwijk (NL)
- Noordwijk (NL) Cabouw Rotterdam Leiden
- Noordwijk (NL) Koksijde (BE) Calais (FR)
- Calais (FR) Eurotunnel LeHavre (FR)
- LeHavre (FR) Paris (FR)
- Paris (FR) Chateau Thierry (FR)
- Munich (GE) Graz (AT)

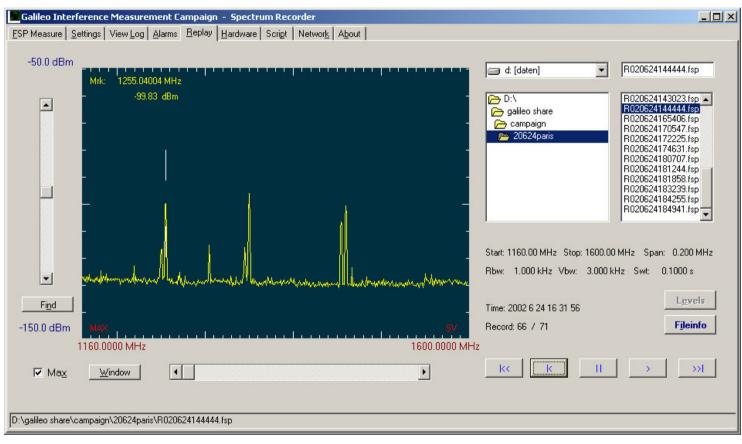


Data acquisition and viewing software

- Spectrum Analyzer Programming (via LAN Interface)
- Measurement Hardware (via Digital I/O)
- On-Line / Off-line Display (Multi Sweep Display)
- Data Recording (Spectra and High Speed Baseband)
- Simple Statistics Processing



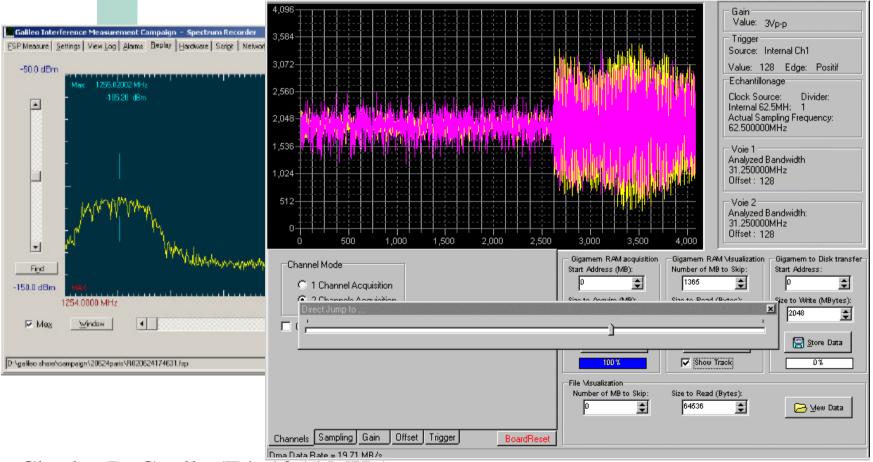
Spectrum Recording



Charles DeGaulle DME interference

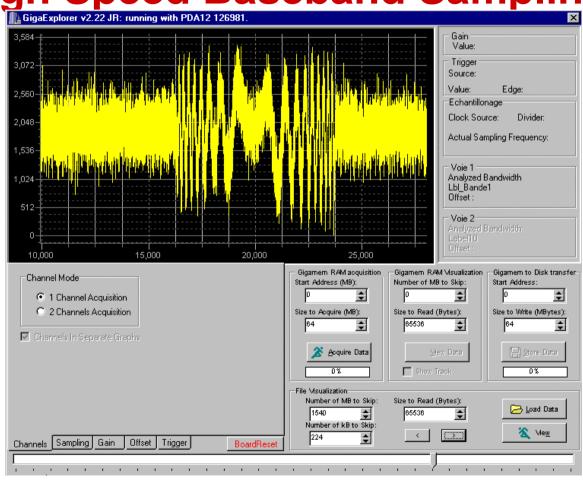


High Speed Baseband Sampling



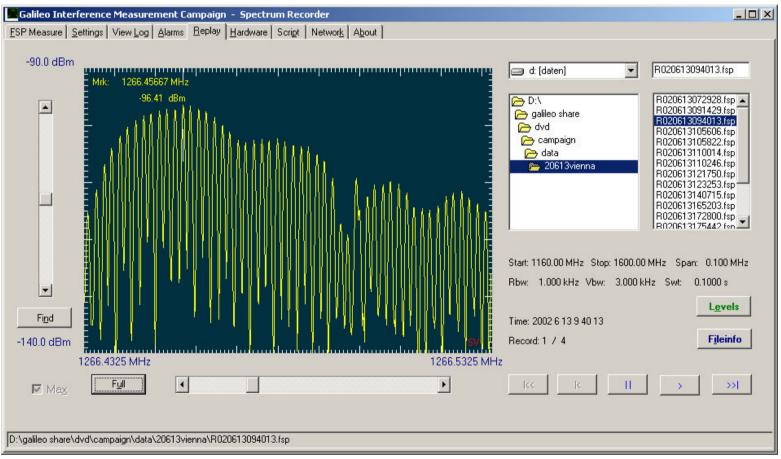


High Speed Baseband Sampling





Interference due to Radar in Graz/Austria



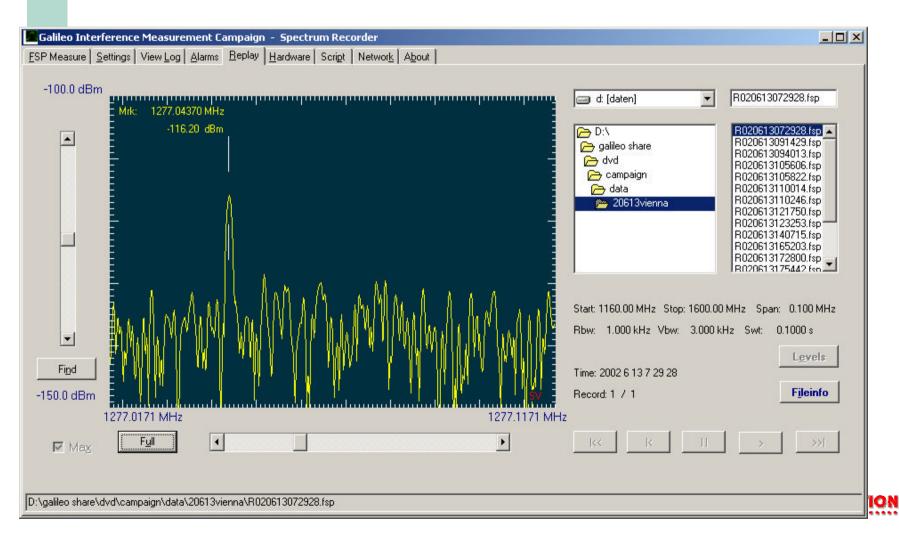
Primary Radar Koralpe, AustroControl, bw about 10 MHz,

Max allowed frequency range: 1250 - 1350 MHz

a TRADITION of INNOVATION

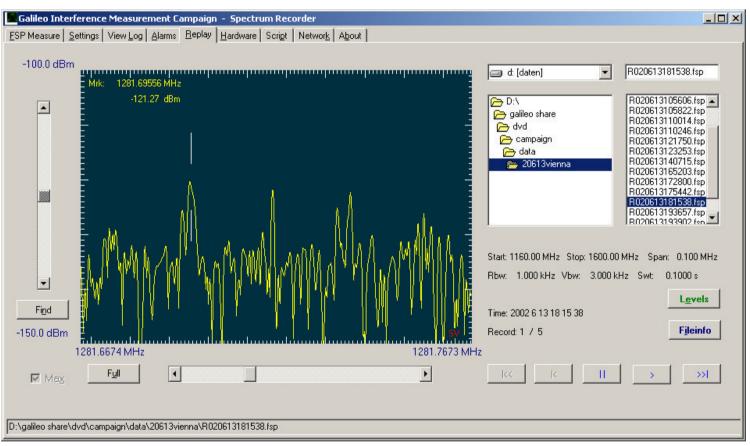


Unidentified Source in Graz / Austria





Relais / Austria



Amateur FM-ATV-Relais OE3XOS; Hohe Wand, Kleinkanzel-haus (160055/474950); 1280 MHz, 16M0F8W; License GZ 420920-JD/95, Change GZ 103908-JD/01 in progress; max allow bw: 16 MHz



Statistics

SEARCH	E1/2	E4	E5	E6	SV	UN	Total
	1,559 — 1,591	1,254 – 1,260	1,164 – 1,215	1,260 – 1,300	1,160 — 1,600		
Nr Det	671	63,617	15,419	41,786	104,178	1,677	227,34 8
Det [%] Max [%] Dev [%]	0.003 0.35 0.026	1.03 31.1 4.33	0.035 2.04 0.179	0.139 15.7 1.028	0.071 2.44 0.25	0.287 0.99 0.387	0.246 31.1 1.97
Aver [dBm]	-145.0	-143.9	-144.1	-144.8	-139.2	-143.3	-143.2
Peak [dBm]	-131,7	-129,3	-128.4	-125.8	-117.0	-126.9	-125.9

Overall: 1,727 scans 91 Mio Samples (res. bdw 0,3 kHz) 227,348 detections (0.25 %)

Threshold: - 130 dBm (SV: - 124 dBm)

Conclusions

- Spectrum Recordings and High Speed Baseband Data have been obtained along route and at traffic centers in 5 European countries (AT – BE – FR – GE – NL)
- Statistics has been obtained to provide first estimates of interference
- A number of unknown interferers were found (i.e. in Austria 8 out of 12 measured interferers could be identified)
- Baseband recordings for the most important locations and measured interferers are available