

# GLONASS Status and Progress

Sergey Revnivykh  
Deputy Director General  
Central Research Institute of Machine Building  
Head of PNT Center

CGSIC, Portland, Oregon  
21 September 2010



РОСКОСМОС





# Content



- GLONASS Architecture and Status
- Modernization Plan
- SDCM
- Summary



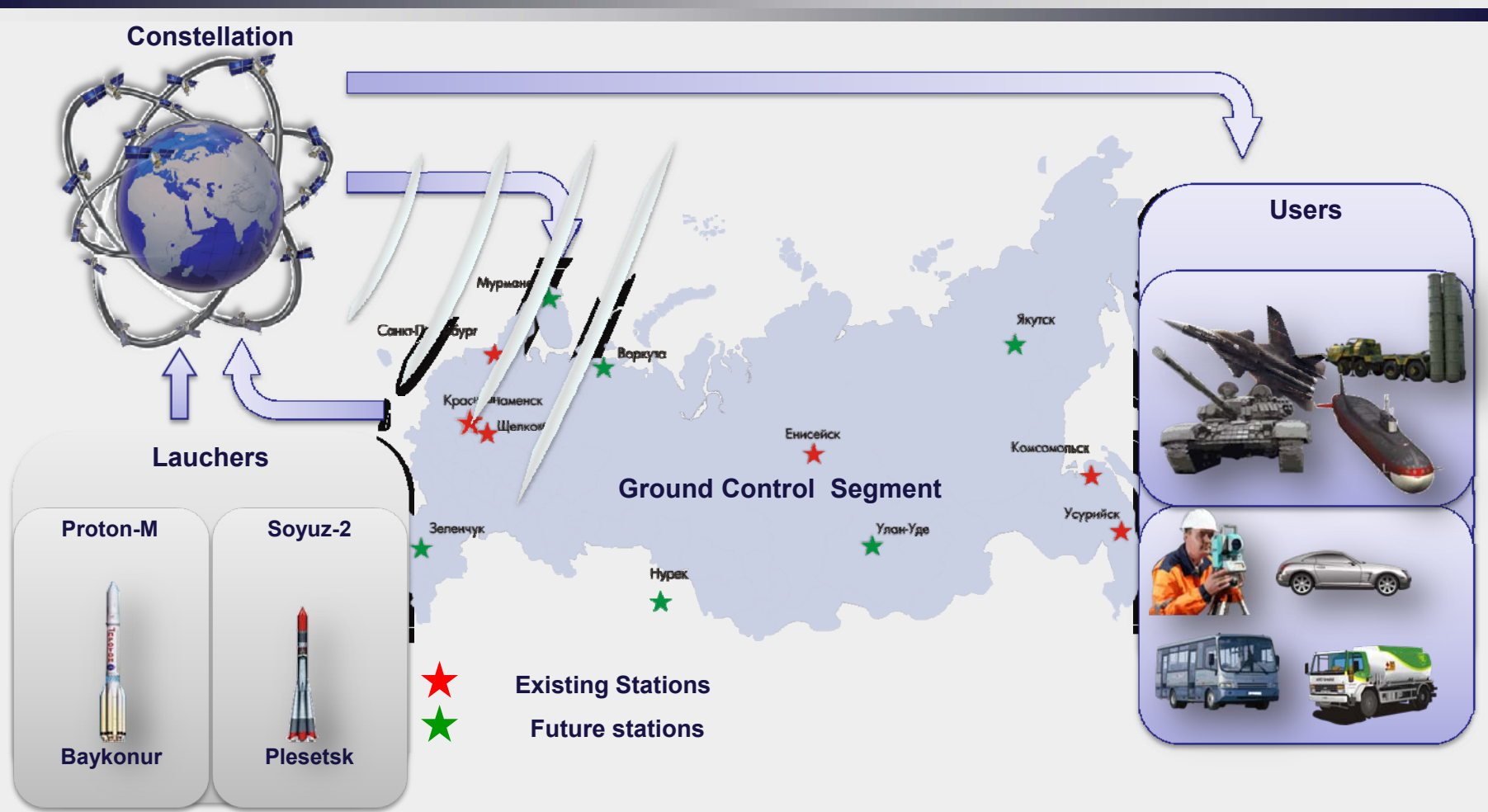
# Content



- GLONASS Architecture and Status
- Modernization Plan
- SDCM
- Summary



# GLONASS Architecture





# Block 42 launch at 02.09.2010



## Next Launches:

- **Block 43 (3 SV «Glonass-M»,  
*December 2010***
- **Flight Test Begin of «Glonass-K»  
*December 2010***

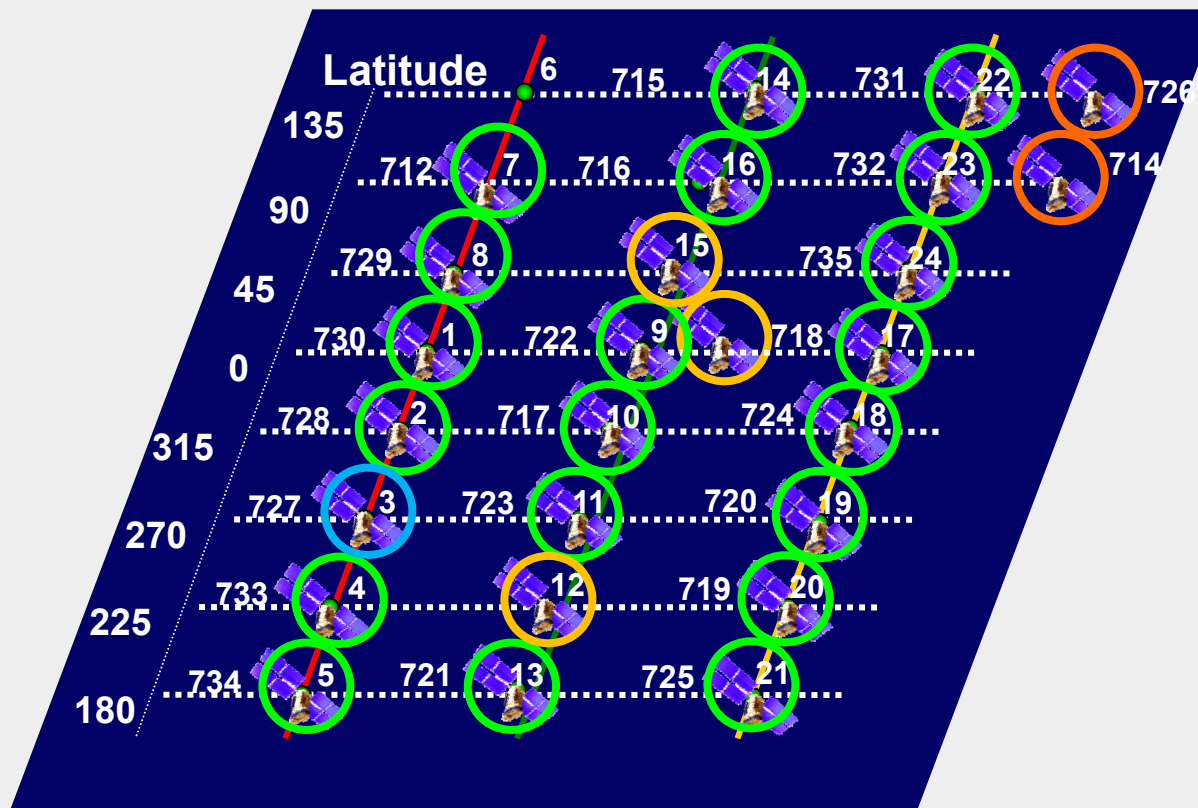




# Constellation Status



**In orbit: 26 SV**  
**Operational: 20 SV**  
**Spares: 2 SV**  
**In commission: 3 SV**  
**In maintenance: 1 SV**



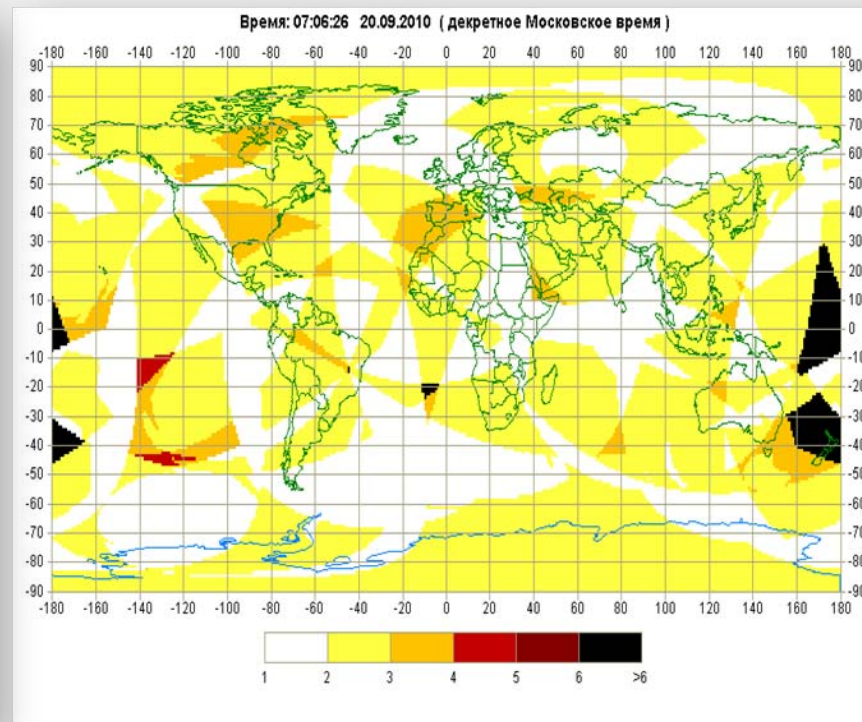
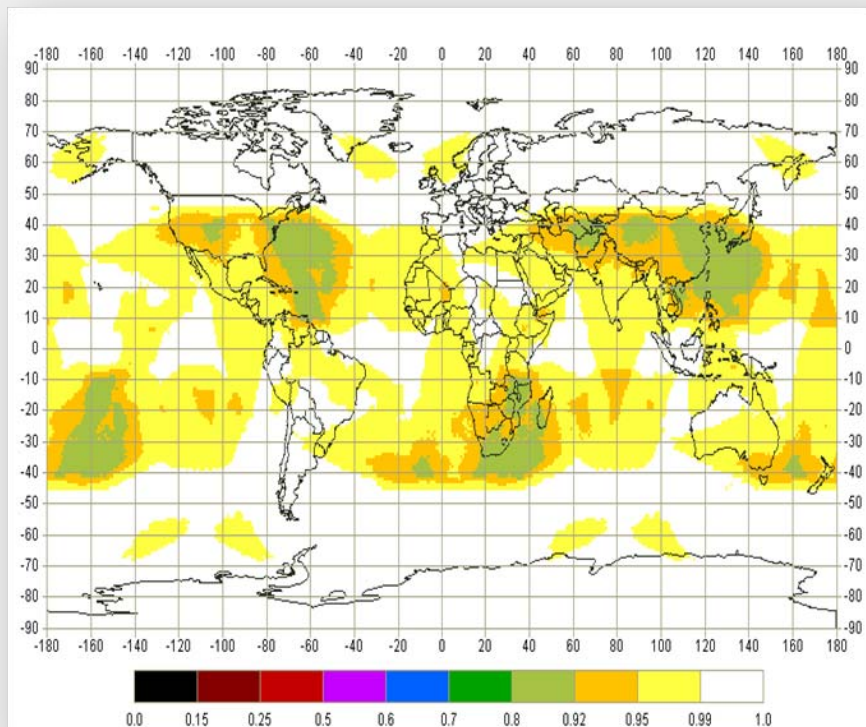
**The constellation provides:**

- Continuous navigation over Russia
- Practically global continuous navigation





# GLONASS Availability (20.09.2010)



Mean availability for a day

Instant availability (PDOP)

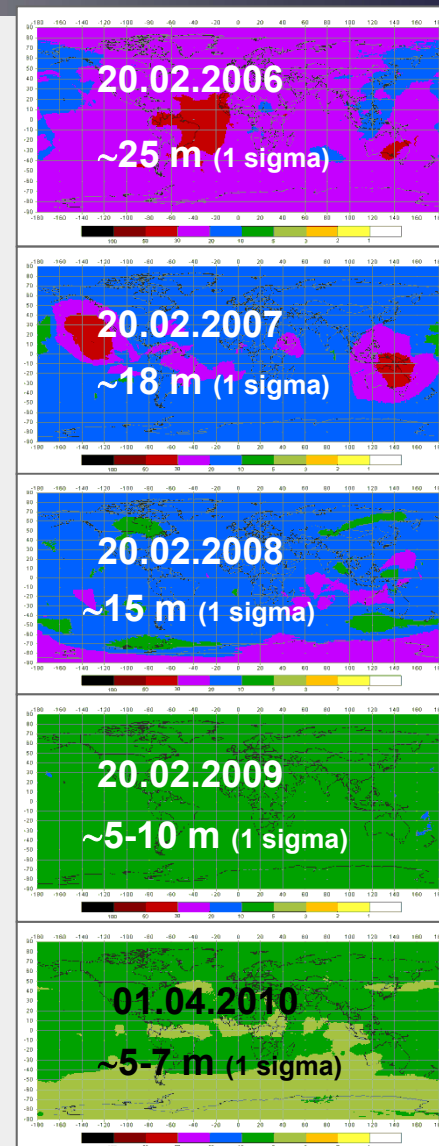
**Global availability is 98% (PDOP < 6,  $\gamma > 5^\circ$ )**



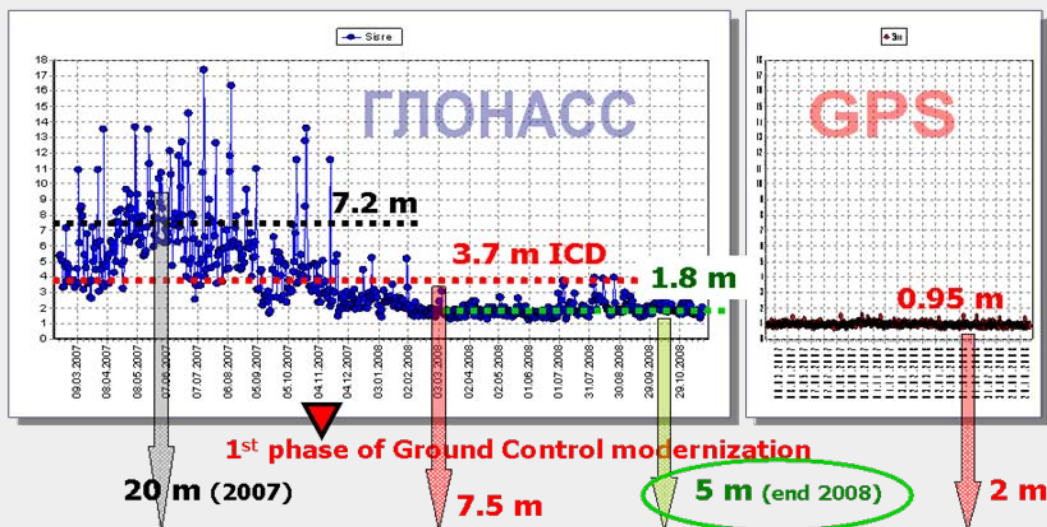
# GLONASS Accuracy



- GLONASS accuracy has 5 times improved for last three years
- Now it is the same order of GPS
- Next improvement phase is expected by 2011



SISRE (1 sigma)



Ideal receiver positioning accuracy



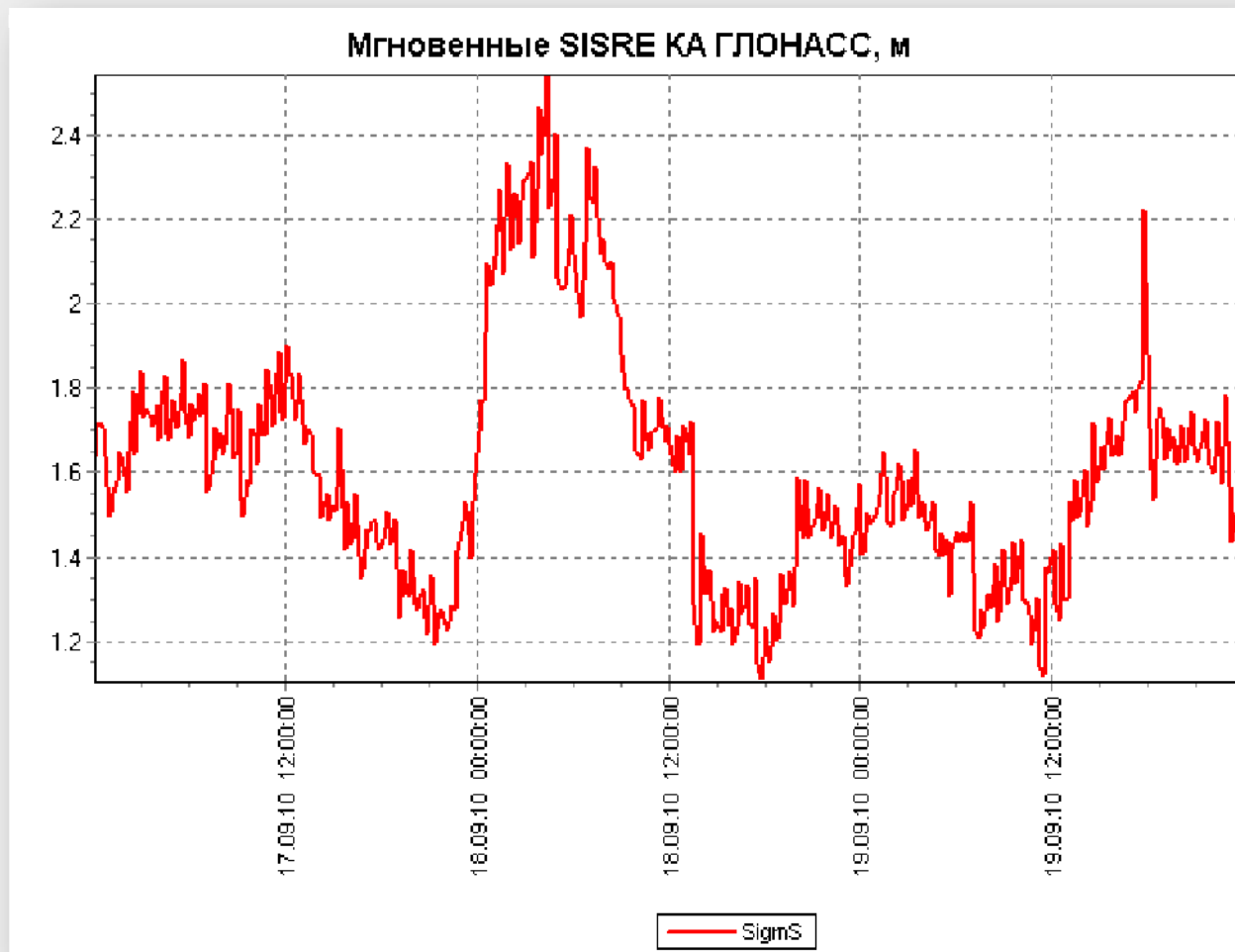


# GLONASS Accuracy

## 17 - 19.09.2010



### Signal In Space Range Error, m





# GLONASS Accuracy by Satellite

## 17 – 19.09.2010



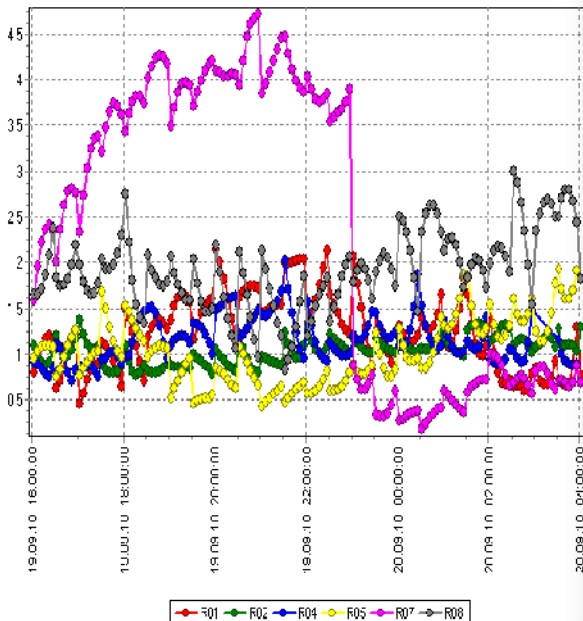
### Signal In Space Range Error, m

I plane

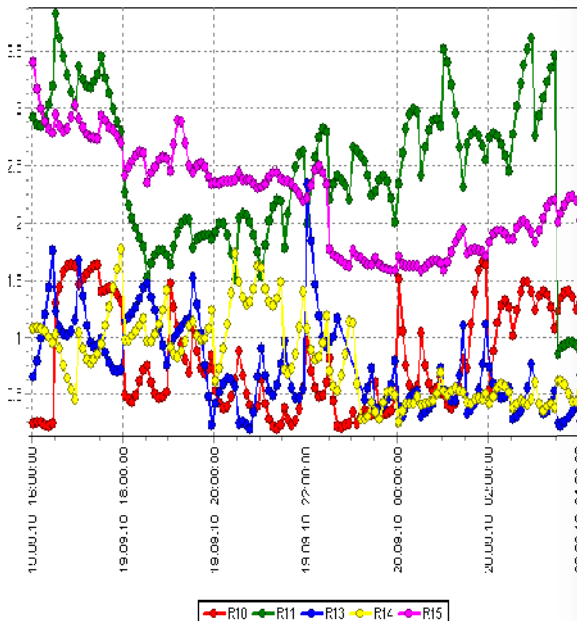
II plane

III plane

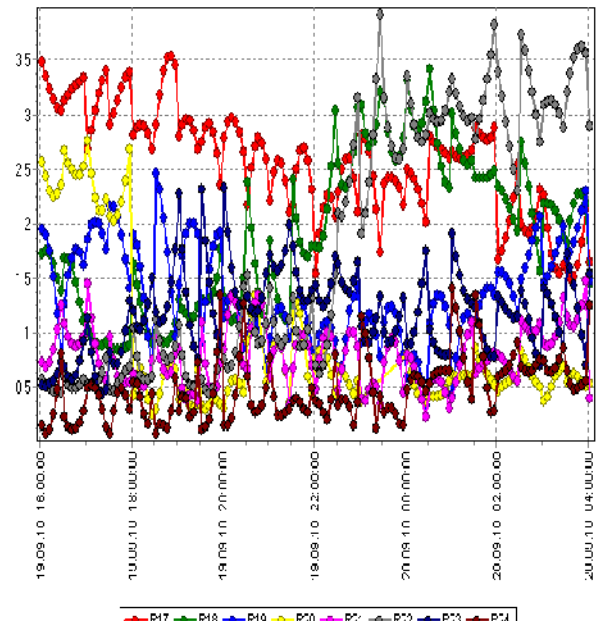
SISRE КА ГЛОНАСС, м



SISRE КА ГЛОНАСС, м



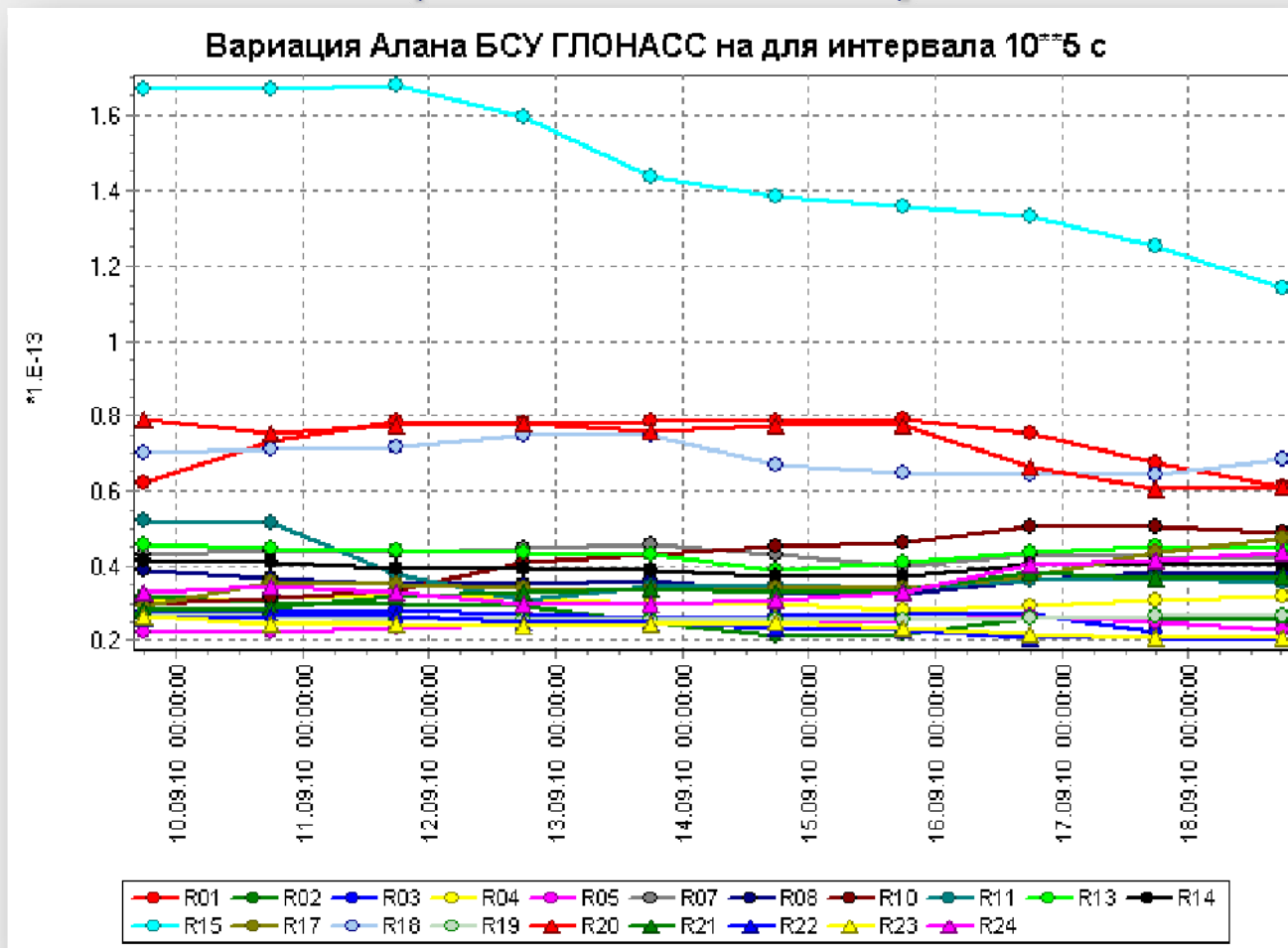
SISRE КА ГЛОНАСС, м



# On-Board Clock Stability

## 10 – 18.09.2010

### Alan variation (interval 100000 sec)





# Content



- GLONASS Architecture and Status
- Modernization Plan
- SDCM
- Summary



1982

2009

2010

2013

### Glonass



- 3 year design life
- Clock stability -  $5 \cdot 10^{-13}$
- Signals :  
L1SF, L2SF, L1OF, (FDMA)
- Totally launched 81 satellites
- Real operational life time 4.5 years

### Glonass-M



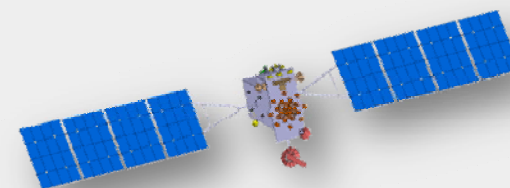
- 7 year design life
- Clock stability  $1 \cdot 10^{-13}$ ;
- Signals :  
L1SF, L2SF, L1OF, L2OF (FDMA)
- Totally launched 28 satellites and going to launch about 11 satellite until to end 2012

### Glonass-K1



- 10 year design life;
- Clock stability  $5 \cdot 10^{-14}$ ;
- Signals  
L1SF, L2SF, L1OF, L2OF (FDMA)
- L3OC (CDMA) - test :

### Glonass-K2



- 10 year design life;
- Clock stability  $1 \cdot 10^{-14}$ ;
- Signals  
L1SF, L2SF, L1OF, L2OF (FDMA)
- L1OC, L3OC, L1SC, L2SC (CDMA) :

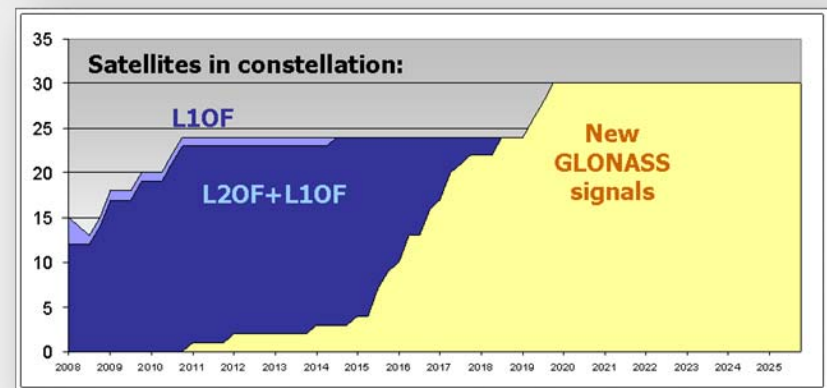
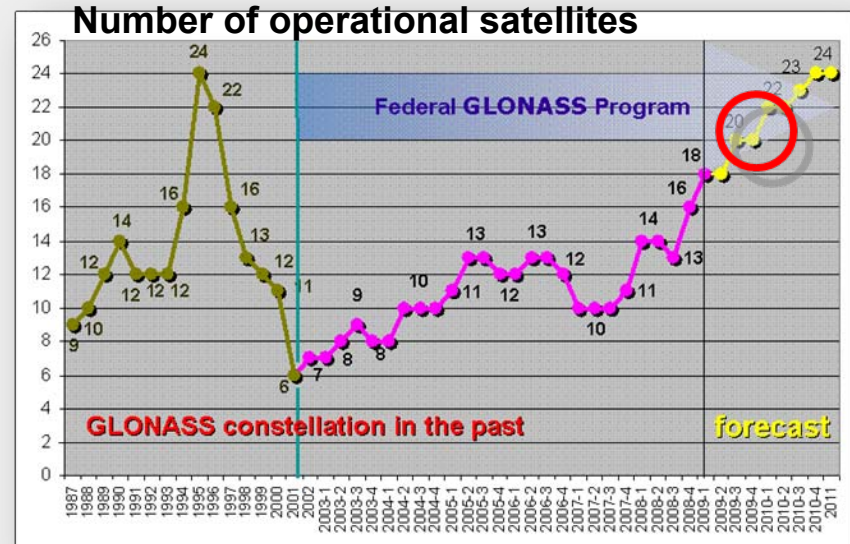




# GLONASS Planning



- Full constellation deployment in 2010
- Ground Control Segment modernization
- New GLONASS-K satellite (with improved performance) IOV start by 2010
- GLONASS will continue transmitting existing FDMA signals
- Additional new CDMA signals since GLONASS-K deployment
- GLONASS performance competitive ability provision plan
- GLONASS Federal Program extension until 2020





# The direction of GLONASS navigation signals modernization

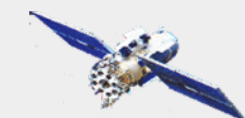


- Provide better potential accuracy for pseudorange and phase measurements
- Provide a better interference and multipath resistance of GLONASS signals
- Provide of greater interoperability with GPS and future GALILEO and other GNSS

**Introduction of new CDMA signals since GLONASS-K deployment**



# GLONASS signals modernization



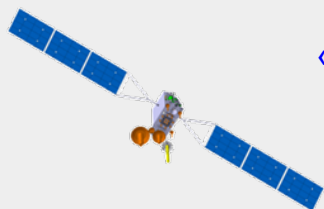
«Glonass»



«Glonass-M»



«Glonass-K1»



«Glonass-K2»



«Glonass-KM»

	L1	L2	L3	L1, L2	Future	Status
«Glonass»	L1OF, L1SF	L2OF, L2SF	-	-		Done
«Glonass-M»	L1OF, L1SF	L2OF, L2SF	-	-		Done
«Glonass-K1»	L1OF, L1SF	L2OF, L2SF	L3OC test	-		From first test sat (2010 г.)
«Glonass-K2»	L1OF, L1SF	L2OF, L2SF	L3OC	L1OC, L1SC, L2SC		From #3 sat Glonass-K
«Glonass-KM»	L1OF, L1SF	L2OF, L2SF	L3OC	L1OC, L1SC, L2SC	L3SC, L1OCM, L2OC, L5OC	Under developm.  After 2015 г.



FDMA signals



CDMA sbgnals

# Major positions of the GLONASS-2020 Concept



## *Sustainment, Development, Use*

- **Sustainment**

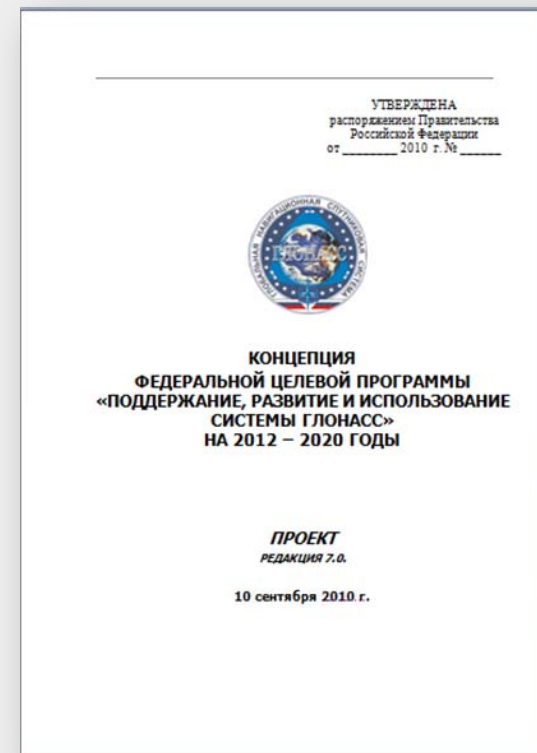
- **State commitments** on performance (constellation, availability, accuracy, stability of performance)
  - Launch program until 2020 with spares in-orbit and on the ground

- **Development**

- Constellation improvement
- New signals implementation
- Accuracy and availability improvement
- Interference protection improvement
- New functions implementation
- Service area widening

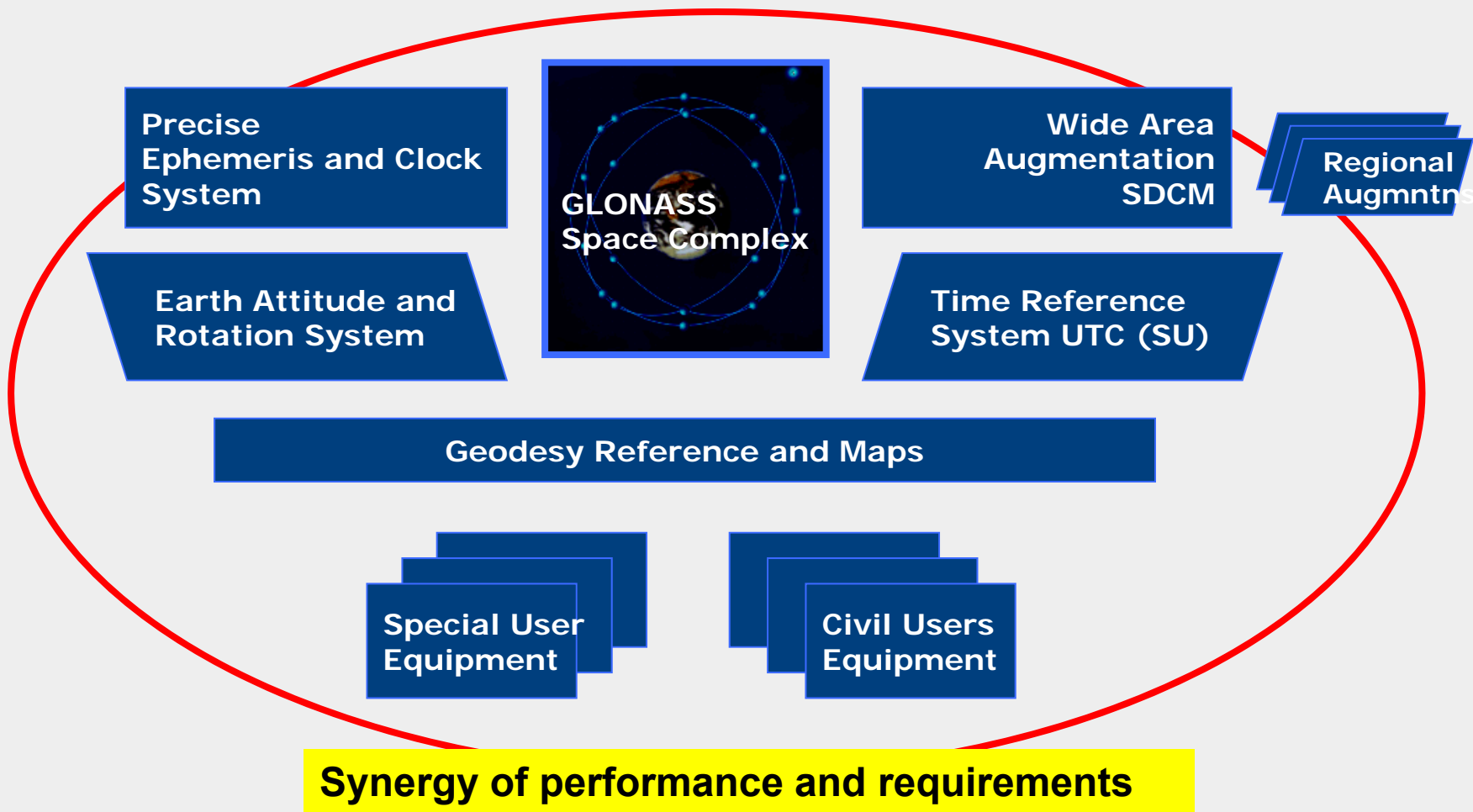
- **Use**

- Governmental use support
- Private activity encouraging





# Extended PNT Architecture of Russia







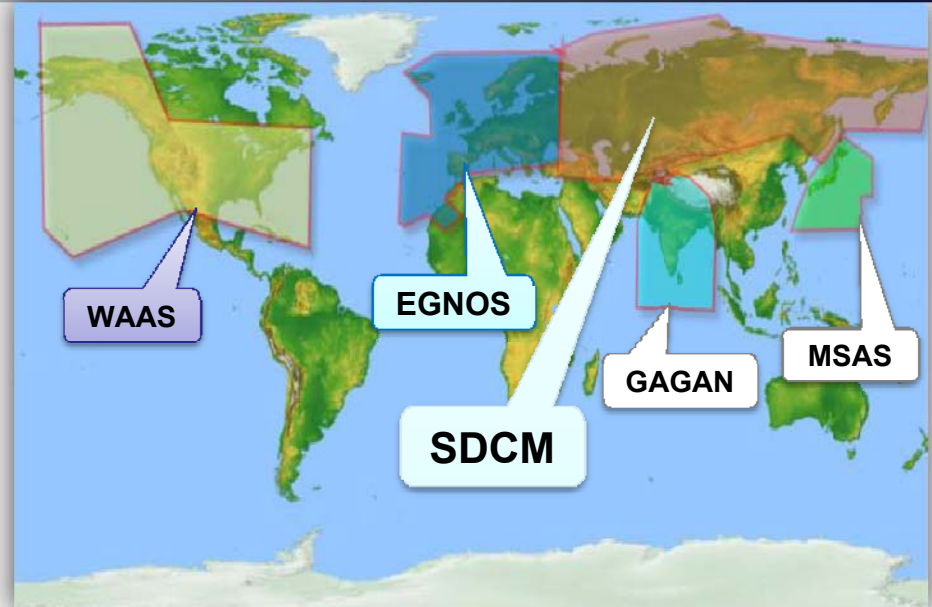
# Content



- GLONASS Architecture and Status
- Modernization Plan
- SDCM
- Summary

## Objectives

- GNSS monitoring
  - Integrity
  - Deep analysis in postprocessing
- Differential corrections
- Service area – Russian territory



## Current status of monitoring stations

- **Operational network**
  - 12 stations in Russia
  - 1 station in Antarctic
- **Future development**
  - 8 stations more in Russia
  - 5 stations more outside





# SSI-01 monitoring station installation and commissioning (Bellingshausen, Antarctica, 2010)



Main view of the SSI-01



Off-site equipment



GLONASS/GPS antenna +  
Vaisala weather station



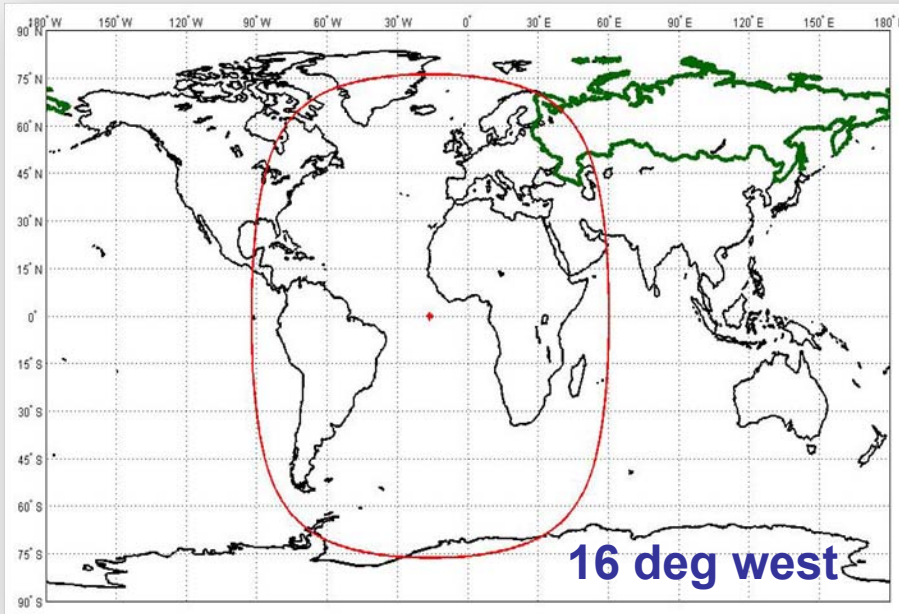
Satellite communication  
channel antenna



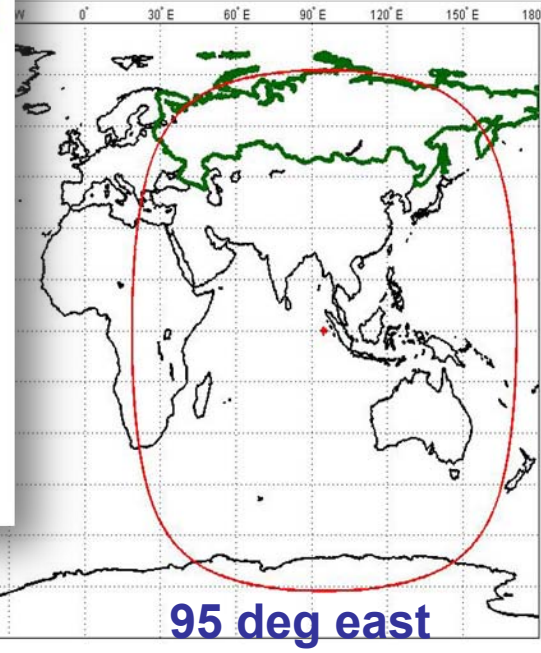




# Envisaged locations for GEOs “Luch” with SDCM payload (2011-2013 timeframe)



16 deg west



95 deg east



167 deg east

«Luch-5A»: 2011, 16° west

«Luch-5B»: 2012, 95° east

«Luch-4»: 2013, 167° east



# Content



- GLONASS Architecture and Status
- Modernization Plan
- SDCM
- Summary





# Summary



- GLONASS Program is the high priority of the Russian Government policy
- GLONASS Program is in a progress
- GLONASS improvement is a major objective:
  - Performance to be comparable with GPS by the end of 2011
  - Full constellation (24 sats) by the end of 2010
- GLONASS will continue
  - Keeping the GLONASS traditional frequency bands
  - Transmitting existing FDMA signals
  - Introducing new CDMA signals
- New GLONASS Program is under development
  - State committments for major performance
  - GLONASS sustainment, development, use
- International cooperation – make GLONASS as one of key elements of the international GNSS



# Thank you for your attention!

ФЕДЕРАЛЬНОЕ КОСМИЧЕСКОЕ АГЕНТСТВО  
ЦЕНТРАЛЬНЫЙ НАУЧНО-ИССЛЕДОВАТЕЛЬСКИЙ  
ИНСТИТУТ МАШИНОСТРОЕНИЯ  
ИНФОРМАЦИОННО-АНАЛИТИЧЕСКИЙ ЦЕНТР  
КООРДИНАТНО-ВРЕМЕННОГО И НАВИГАЦИОННОГО ОБЕСПЕЧЕНИЯ

**Ревнивых**  
**Сергей Георгиевич**

Заместитель генерального директора  
Начальник ИАЦ КВНО

тел./факс.: + 7 (495) 513-39-36  
моб.: +7 (916) 240-69-96  
e-mail: [sergey.revnyvkh@mcc.rsa.ru](mailto:sergey.revnyvkh@mcc.rsa.ru)  
<http://www.glonass-ianc.rsa.ru>  
141070, г. Королёв, Московская обл., ул. Пионерская, 4

